

Technical Data Sheet

DOWSIL[™] SE 1740 Encapsulant

DOWSIL[™] SE 1740 Encapsulant is a two-part, 1:1 mix, clear encapsulant with long working time

Features & **Benefits**

- 1:1 mix ratio •
- Flowable •
- Self-priming •
- Soft and transparent after cure
- Long working time at RT ٠
- Heat cure •
- Good cure rate at moderate temperatures ٠
- No additional priming step required
- Rapid cure at moderate temps can result in energy or cycle time savings •
- Long bath life reduces need for equipment purging/clean-up •
- Low viscosity enhances flow and fill in narrow spaces and around complex geometries •

Typical Properties

Specification Writers: These values are not intended for use in preparing specifications.

Property	Unit	Result	
Viscosity (Part A or Base)	сР	925	
	mPa-sec	925	
	Pa-sec	0.9	
Viscosity (Part B or Catalyst)	cP	950	
	mPa-sec	950	
	Pa-sec	1	
Viscosity (Mixed)	cP	925	
	mPa-sec	925	
	Pa-sec	0.9	
Refractive Index		1.4	
Working Time at 25°C (Pot Life - hours)	hr	> 24	
Heat Cure Time @ 80°C	minutes	30	
Specific Gravity (Cured)		1.0	
Durometer Shore 00		35	
Unprimed Adhesion - Lap Shear (Glass)	psi	30	
	MPa	0.2	
	N/cm ²	20	

Typical Properties (Cont.)

Property	Unit	Result	
Dielectric Strength	volts/mil	425	
	kV/mm	17	
Dielectric Constant at 1 MHz		2.83	
Volume Resistivity	ohm*cm	1.14E+15	
Dissipation Factor at 1 MHz		0.000013	
Shelf Life at 25°C	months	12	

Description	Dow silicone encapsulants are supplied as two-part liquid component kits. When liquid components are thoroughly mixed, the mixture cures to a flexible elastomer, which is well suited for the protection of electrical and PCB system assembly applications. Dow silicone encapsulants cure without exotherm at a constant rate regardless of sectional thickness or degree of confinement. Dow silicone elastomers require no post cure and can be placed in service immediately following the completion of the cure schedule. Standard silicone encapsulants require a surface treatment with a primer in addition to good cleaning for adhesion while primerless silicone encapsulants require only good cleaning.
Mixing And De-Airing	These products are supplied in a 1:1 mix ratio, which is very robust in manufacturing environments and allows for some process and dispense equipment variation. In most cases no de-airing is required.
Preparing Surfaces	In applications requiring adhesion, priming will be required for the silicone encapsulants. See the Primer Selection Guide for the correct primer to use with a given product. For best results, the primer should be applied in a very thin, uniform coating and then wiped off after application. After application, it should be thoroughly air dried prior to application of the silicone elastomer. Additional instructions for primer usage can be found in the information sheets specific to the individual primers.
Processing/Curing	Thoroughly mixed Dow silicone encapsulant may be poured/dispensed directly into the container in which it is to be cured. Care should be taken to minimize air entrapment. When practical, pouring/dispensing should be done under vacuum, particularly if the component being potted or encapsulated has many small voids. If this technique cannot be used, the unit should be evacuated after the silicone encapsulant has been poured/dispensed. Dow silicone encapsulants may be either room temperature (25°C/77°F) or heat cured. Room temperature cure encapsulants may also be heat accelerated for faster cure. Ideal cure conditions for each product are given in the product selection table. Two part condensation cure encapsulants should not be heat accelerated above 60°C (140°F).
Pot Life And Cure Rate	Cure reaction begins with the mixing process. Initially, cure is evidenced by a gradual increase in viscosity, followed by gelation and conversion to a solid elastomer. Pot life is defined as the time required for viscosity to double after Parts A and B (base and curing agent) are mixed and is highly temperature and application dependent. Please refer to the data table.

Useful Temperature Ranges	For most uses, silicone elastomers should be operational over a temperature range of -45 to 200°C (-49 to 392°F) for long periods of time. However, at both the low- and high temperature ends of the spectrum, behavior of the materials and performance in particular applications can become more complex and require additional considerations. For low-temperature performance, thermal cycling to conditions such as -55°C (-67°F) may be possible, but performance are configuration and stress sensitivity of components, cooling rates and hold times, and prior temperature history. At the high-temperature end, the durability of the cured silicone elastomer is time and temperature dependent. As expected, the higher the temperature, the shorter the time the material will remain useable.
Compatibility	Certain materials, chemicals, curing agents and plasticizers can inhibit the cure of addition cure adhesives. Most notable of these include: organotin and other organometallic compounds, silicone rubber containing organotin catalyst, sulfur, polysulfides, polysulfones or other sulfur containing materials, unsaturated hydrocarbon plasitcizers, and some solder flux residues. If a substrate or material is questionable with respect to potentially causing inhibition of cure, it is recommended that a small scale compatibility test be run to ascertain suitability in a given application. The presence of liquid or uncured product at the interface between the questionable substrate and the cured gel indicates incompatibility and inhibition of cure.
Repairability	In the manufacture of electrical and PCB system assembly devices it is often desirable to salvage or reclaim damaged or defective units. With most non-silicone rigid potting/encapsulating materials, removal or entry is difficult or impossible without causing excessive damage to internal circuitry. Dow silicone encapsulants can be selectively removed with relative ease, any repairs or changes accomplished, and the repaired area repotted in place with additional product. To remove silicone elastomers, simply cut with a sharp blade or knife and tear and remove unwanted material from the area to be repaired. Sections of the adhered elastomer are best removed from substrates and circuitry by mechanical action such as scraping or rubbing and can be assisted by applying Dow OS fluids. Before applying additional encapsulant to a repaired device, roughen the exposed surfaces of the cured encapsulant with an abrasive paper and rinse with a suitable solvent. This will enhance adhesion and permit the repaired material to become an integral matrix with the existing encapsulant. Silicone prime coats are not recommended for adhering products to themselves.
Packaging Information	In general, Dow silicone 1:1 mix ratio encapsulants are supplied in nominal 0.45, 3.6, 18 and 200 kg (1, 8, 40 and 440 lb) containers, net weight. Dow silicone 10:1 mix ratio encapsulants are supplied in nominal 0.5, 5, 25 and 225 kg (1.1, 11, 55 and 495 lb) containers, net weight. Packaging options may vary by product.
Usable Life And Storage	Shelf life is indicated by the "Use Before" date found on the product label. For best results, Dow silicone encapsulants should be stored at or below 25°C (77°F). Special precautions must be taken to prevent moisture from contacting these materials. Containers should be kept tightly closed and head or air space minimized. Partially filled containers should be purged with dry air or other gases, such as nitrogen.

Health And Environmental Information	To support customers in their product safety needs, Dow has an extensive Product Stewardship organization and a team of product safety and regulatory compliance specialists available in each area.
	For further information, please see our website, www.consumer.dow.com or consult your local Dow representative.
Limitations	This product is neither tested nor represented as suitable for medical or pharmaceutical uses.
Handling Precautions	PRODUCT SAFETY INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR SAFE USE IS NOT INCLUDED IN THIS DOCUMENT. BEFORE HANDLING, READ PRODUCT AND SAFETY DATA SHEETS AND CONTAINER LABELS FOR SAFE USE, PHYSICAL AND HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION. THE SAFETY DATA SHEET IS AVAILABLE ON THE DOW WEBSITE AT WWW.CONSUMER.DOW.COM, OR FROM YOUR DOW SALES APPLICATION ENGINEER, OR DISTRIBUTOR, OR BY CALLING DOW CUSTOMER SERVICE.
How Can We Help You Today?	Tell us about your performance, design, and manufacturing challenges. Let us put our silicon-based materials expertise, application knowledge, and processing experience to work for you.
	For more information about our materials and capabilities, visit www.consumer.dow.com.
	To discuss how we could work together to meet your specific needs, go to www.consumer.dow.com for a contact close to your location. Dow has customer service teams, science and technology centers, application support teams, sales offices, and manufacturing sites around the globe.

LIMITED WARRANTY INFORMATION – PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

The information contained herein is offered in good faith and is believed to be accurate. However, because conditions and methods of use of our products are beyond our control, this information should not be used in substitution for customer's tests to ensure that our products are safe, effective, and fully satisfactory for the intended end use. Suggestions of use shall not be taken as inducements to infringe any patent.

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Your exclusive remedy for breach of such warranty is limited to refund of purchase price or replacement of any product shown to be other than as warranted.

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