



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK LIMITED

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex II

**Product name:** MOLYKOTE® S-1002 Contact Cleaner Spray

**Revision Date:** 14.02.2024

**Version:** 9.0

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SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK LIMITED encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name:** MOLYKOTE® S-1002 Contact Cleaner Spray

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses:** Cleaning/washing agents and additives

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK  
LIMITED  
KINGS COURT, LONDON ROAD  
STEVENAGE  
England  
SG1 2NG  
UNITED KINGDOM

#### Manufacturer

DuPont Specialty Products GmbH & Co. KG

#### Customer Information Number:

00800-3876-6838

SDSQuestion-EU@dupont.com

### 1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** +(44)-870-8200418

**Local Emergency Contact:** +(44)-870-8200418

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**

Aerosols - Category 1 - H222, H229

Skin irritation - Category 2 - H315

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3 - H336

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H400

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: **DANGER**

### Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P391 Collect spillage.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

**Contains** n-heptane; isopropanol

## 2.3 Other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties (human health):

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Endocrine disrupting properties (environment):

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

PBT and vPvB assessment:

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Chemical nature:** Hydrocarbon aerosol propellant

#### 3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

Identification number	Component	Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP)	specific concentration limit/ M-Factors/ Acute toxicity estimate	%
<b>CASRN</b> 142-82-5 <b>EC-No.</b> 205-563-8 <b>Index-No.</b> 601-008-00-2 <b>REACH No.</b> 01-2119457603-38	n-heptane	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	M-Factors: 1 [Acute]  Oral ATE: > 5,000 mg/kg  Inhalation ATE: > 29.29 mg/l (vapour)  Dermal ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg	>= 50.0 - < 60.0 %
<b>CASRN</b> 68512-91-4 <b>EC-No.</b> 270-990-9 <b>Index-No.</b> 649-083-00-0 <b>REACH No.</b> —	Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas	Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas Compr. Gas - H280	Inhalation ATE: > 20000 ppm (gas)	>= 30.0 - < 40.0 %
<b>CASRN</b> 67-63-0 <b>EC-No.</b> 200-661-7 <b>Index-No.</b> 603-117-00-0 <b>REACH No.</b> 01-2119457558-25	isopropanol	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336	Oral ATE: 5,840 mg/kg  Dermal ATE: > 12,800 mg/kg	>= 1.0 - < 10.0 %

Substances with a workplace exposure limit

Identification number	Component	Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP)	specific concentration limit/ M-Factors/ Acute toxicity estimate	%
<b>CASRN</b> 109-87-5 <b>EC-No.</b> 203-714-2	Methylal	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	Oral ATE: 6,416 mg/kg  Inhalation ATE: 22117 ppm (vapour)	>= 1.0 - < 10.0 %

Index-No. – REACH No. –			Dermal ATE: > 13,760 mg/kg	
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For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

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## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

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### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Wash off with plenty of water. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area. Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and persists.

**Eye contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

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## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use direct water stream.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Flash back possible over considerable distance. May form explosive mixtures in air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. EXPLOSION HAZARD. Fight advanced fires from a protected location. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. Use personal protective equipment.

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## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Remove all sources of ignition. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:** Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

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## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

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**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Close valve after each use and when empty. Do NOT change or force fit connections. Open the valves slowly to

prevent pressure surges. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Do not store with the following product types: Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Organic peroxides. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids. Pyrophoric solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Explosives. Oxidizing agents.

Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

**7.3 Specific end use(s):** Information on specific end use(s) of this product may be provided in a technical data sheet/annex to the SDS (if available).

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
n-heptane	ACGIH	TWA	400 ppm
	ACGIH	STEL	500 ppm
	2000/39/EC	TWA	2,085 mg/m3 500 ppm
	Further information: Indicative		
	GB EH40	TWA	2,085 mg/m3 500 ppm
Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas	ACGIH	STEL	1,000 ppm
isopropanol	ACGIH	TWA	200 ppm
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	ACGIH	STEL	400 ppm
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	GB EH40	TWA	999 mg/m3 400 ppm
	GB EH40	STEL	1,250 mg/m3 500 ppm
Methylal	ACGIH	TWA	1,000 ppm
	GB EH40	TWA	3,160 mg/m3 1,000 ppm
	GB EH40	STEL	3,950 mg/m3 1,250 ppm

**Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
isopropanol	67-63-0	Acetone	Urine	End of shift at end of workweek	40 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

**Derived No Effect Level**

n-heptane

**Workers**

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	300 mg/kg bw/day	2085 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.

**Consumers**

Acute systemic effects			Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	149 mg/kg bw/day	447 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas

**Workers**

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	23.4 mg/kg bw/day	2.21 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.

**Consumers**

Acute systemic effects			Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.066 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

isopropanol

**Workers**

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	888 mg/kg bw/day	500 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.

**Consumers**

Acute systemic effects	Acute local effects	Long-term systemic effects	Long-term local
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								<i>effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	319 mg/kg bw/day	89 mg/m3	26 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	n.a.

Methylal

**Workers**

<b>Acute systemic effects</b>			<b>Acute local effects</b>		<b>Long-term systemic effects</b>		<b>Long-term local effects</b>	
Dermal	Inhalation		Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.		n.a.	n.a.	17.9 mg/kg bw/day	126.6 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.

**Consumers**

<b>Acute systemic effects</b>			<b>Acute local effects</b>		<b>Long-term systemic effects</b>			<b>Long-term local effects</b>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	18.1 mg/kg bw/day	31.5 mg/m3	18.1 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	n.a.

**Predicted No Effect Concentration**

isopropanol

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	140.9 mg/l
Marine water	140.9 mg/l
Intermittent use/release	140.9 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Marine sediment	552 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Sewage treatment plant	2251 mg/l
Soil	28 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Oral	160 mg/kg

Methylal

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	14.577 mg/l
Marine water	1.477 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	10 g/L
Fresh water sediment	13.135 mg/kg
Marine sediment	1.3135 mg/kg
Soil	4.6538 mg/kg

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Engineering measures:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure



limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

**Individual protection measures**

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection:** Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

**Environmental exposure controls**

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

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**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

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**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Physical state</b>	aerosol (20 °C, )
	<b>Form</b> Aerosol containing a dissolved gas
<b>Colour</b>	colourless
<b>Odour</b>	solvent-like
	<b>Odour Threshold</b> No data available
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	Melting point/range: No data available
<b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	Boiling point/boiling range: Not applicable
<b>Flammability</b>	<b>Gases/Solids</b> Extremely flammable aerosol.
	<b>Liquids</b> No data available

**Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit****Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**

No data available

**Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**

No data available

**Flash point**

Not applicable

**Auto-ignition temperature**

No data available

**Decomposition temperature****Thermal decomposition**

No data available

**pH**

Not applicable

**Viscosity****Viscosity, kinematic**

No data available

**Viscosity, dynamic**

Not applicable

**Solubility(ies)****Water solubility**

No data available

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**

No data available

**Vapour pressure**

No data available

**Density and / or relative density****Relative density**

0.64

**Relative vapour density**

No data available

**Particle characteristics**

Not applicable

**9.2 Other information****Oxidizing properties**

The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

**Aerosols**

Extremely flammable aerosol.

**Evaporation rate**

Not applicable

**Molecular weight**

No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**10.1 Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**10.2 Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid:** Heat, flames and sparks.

**10.5 Incompatible materials:** Oxidizing agents

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** Formaldehyde.

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

##### **Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

##### **Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

##### **Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

#### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Skin irritation, Category 2

H315: Causes skin irritation.

Classification procedure: Calculation method

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**STOT - single exposure**

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure: Calculation method

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

**COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:****n-heptane****Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)**

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances. LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401

**Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)**

Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances. LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

**Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)**

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, vapour, > 29.29 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.  
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :  
In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

**Assessment Teratogenicity:**

Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

**STOT - single exposure**

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

**Aspiration Hazard**

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas**

**Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)**

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

**Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)**

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

**Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)**

Based on data from similar materials LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, gas, > 20000 ppm

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Liquid may cause frostbite upon skin contact.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

Liquid may cause frostbite.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Carcinogenicity**

No relevant data found.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

For similar material(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

For similar material(s): Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

**STOT - single exposure**

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

For similar material(s):

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**isopropanol**

**Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)**

May cause central nervous system depression. Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may include: Facial flushing. Low blood pressure. Irregular heartbeats. May cause nausea and vomiting.

LD50, Rat, 5,840 mg/kg OECD 401 or equivalent

**Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)**

LD50, Rabbit, > 12,800 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

May cause pain disproportionate to the level of irritation to eye tissues.

May cause moderate eye irritation.

May cause moderate corneal injury.

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

Vapor may cause lacrimation (tears).

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Carcinogenicity**

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

Isopropanol has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

**STOT - single exposure**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Route of Exposure: Ingestion

Target Organs: Central nervous system

**STOT - repeated exposure**

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, resulting in rapid absorption and injury to other body systems.

**Methylal**

**Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)**

LD50, Rat, 6,416 mg/kg

**Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)**

LD50, Rabbit, > 13,760 mg/kg

**Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)**

Vapor concentrations are attainable which could be hazardous on single exposure.

Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed. Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

LC50, Mouse, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, 22117 ppm

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

May cause severe eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as pain and redness.

Vapor may cause lacrimation (tears).

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No data available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**Carcinogenicity**

No relevant data found.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Toxicity to reproduction assessment :

No relevant data found.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

No relevant data found.

**STOT - single exposure**

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Heart.

Kidney.

Liver.

Lung.



**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

**11.2. Information on other hazards****Endocrine disrupting properties**

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**Further information**

No data available

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

**12.1 Toxicity****n-heptane****Acute toxicity to fish**

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 5.738 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

LC50, Americamysis bahia (Opossum shrimp), 96 Hour, 0.1 mg/l

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, 4.338 mg/l

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, 0.97 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to fish**

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 28 d, 1.284 mg/l

**Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 0.17 mg/l

**Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Fish, 96 Hour, 10 - 100 mg/l, Estimated.

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

For similar material(s):

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 10 - 100 mg/l, Estimated.

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

For similar material(s):  
EC50, Algae, 96 Hour, > 1 - 20 mg/l, Estimated.

### **isopropanol**

#### **Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).  
Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).  
LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 9,640 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

#### **Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 24 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent  
EC50, Crangon crangon (shrimp), 48 Hour, 1,400 mg/l

#### **Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

NOEC, alga Scenedesmus sp., static test, 7 d, Growth inhibition (cell density reduction), 1,800 mg/l  
ErC50, alga Scenedesmus sp., static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, > 1,000 mg/l

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, activated sludge, > 1,000 mg/l

#### **Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, 30 mg/l

### **Methylal**

#### **Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).  
LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 6,990 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

#### **Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

#### **Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

Based on data from similar materials  
NOEC, 30 d, 145.77 mg/l

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

200 Hour, 40 - 50 g/L

## **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

### **n-heptane**

**Biodegradability:** Readily biodegradable.

**Biodegradation:** 70 %

**Exposure time:** 10 d

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 3.52 mg/g

**Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Based on data from similar materials

**Biodegradation:** 100 %

**Exposure time:** 26 d

**isopropanol**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** 95 %

**Exposure time:** 21 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 53 %

**Exposure time:** 5 d

**Method:** Other guidelines

**Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	20 - 72 %

**Methylal**

**Biodegradability:** Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions. Biodegradation rate may increase in soil and/or water with acclimation.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

**n-heptane**

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 4.5 at 20 °C

**Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas**

**Bioaccumulation:** For similar material(s): Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** < 3 Estimated.

**isopropanol**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 0.05 Measured

**Methylal**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low ( $BCF < 100$  or  $\text{Log Pow} < 3$ ).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 0.00 Measured

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

### n-heptane

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil ( $K_{oc} > 5000$ ).

**Partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>):** 2040 - 16000 Estimated.

### Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas

No relevant data found.

### isopropanol

Potential for mobility in soil is very high ( $K_{oc}$  between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>):** 1.1 Estimated.

### Methylal

Potential for mobility in soil is very high ( $K_{oc}$  between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>):** 1 Estimated.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### n-heptane

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

### Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

### isopropanol

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

### Methylal

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

### n-heptane

No data available

### Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich, petroleum distillate; Petroleum gas

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**isopropanol**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**Methylal**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

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**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

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**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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**Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):**

- |                                   |                    |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number       | UN 1950            |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name      | AEROSOLS           |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)   | 2.1                |
| 14.4 Packing group                | Not applicable     |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards        | Heptane            |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | No data available. |

**Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number                                  | UN 1950  |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name                                 | AEROSOLS   |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)                              | 2.1  |
| 14.4 Packing group   | Not applicable   |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards                                   | Heptane  |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user                            | EmS: F-D, S-U  |
| 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk |

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

- |                             |         |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN 1950 |
|-----------------------------|---------|

<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	2.1
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	Not applicable
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	Not applicable
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

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### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

#### Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

Number in Regulation: P3a

150 t

500 t

Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Number in Regulation: E1

100 t

200 t

Listed in Regulation: Liquefied flammable gases (including LPG) and natural gas

Number in Regulation: 18

50 t

200 t

#### Further information

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Aerosol - 1 - H222 - Based on product data or assessment

Skin Irrit. - 2 - H315 - Calculation method

STOT SE - 3 - H336 - Calculation method

Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 - Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 - Calculation method

### Revision

Identification Number: 4045677 / A670 / Issue Date: 14.02.2024 / Version: 9.0

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

### Legend

2000/39/EC	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
GB EH40	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
STEL	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)
TWA	Limit Value - eight hours
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Flam. Gas	Flammable gases
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
Press. Gas	Gases under pressure
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation

STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
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**Full text of other abbreviations**

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

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