



SAFETY DATA SHEET

DOW FRANCE S.A.S.

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) No 2015/830

Product name: DOWSIL™ TC-4060 GB250 Thermal Gel Part A

Revision Date: 07.07.2020

Version: 1.0

Date of last issue: -

Print Date: 08.07.2020

DOW FRANCE S.A.S. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: DOWSIL™ TC-4060 GB250 Thermal Gel Part A

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Electronics

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW FRANCE S.A.S.
23 AVENUE JULES RIMET
93210 LA PLAINE SAINT-DENIS
FRANCE

Customer Information Number:

(31) 115 67 2626
SDSQuestion@dow.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 00 33 388 736 000

Local Emergency Contact: 00 33 388 736 000

ORFILA: + 33 (0)1 45 42 59 59

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

2.3 Other hazards

This product contains no substances assessed to be PBT or vPvB at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Silicone compound

3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
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Substances with a workplace exposure limit

CASRN Not available EC-No. Not available Index-No. —	—	>= 75,0 - <= 90,0 %	Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane	Not classified
CASRN Not available EC-No. Not available Index-No. —	—	>= 10,0 - <= 21,0 %	Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide	Not classified

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice:

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known..

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Silicon oxides. Metal oxides. Formaldehyde. Carbon oxides.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health..

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.. Use personal protective equipment..

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For

large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents.
Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s): See the technical data sheet on this product for further information.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane	ACGIH	TWA Respirable particulate matter	1 mg/m3 , Aluminium
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	FR VLE	VME	10 mg/m3
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		
Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide	ACGIH	TWA Respirable particulate matter	2 mg/m3
	ACGIH	STEL Respirable particulate matter	10 mg/m3
	FR VLE	VME	10 mg/m3
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		
	FR VLE	VME	5 mg/m3
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		
	FR VLE	VME Fumes	5 mg/m3
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		
	FR VLE	VME Dust	10 mg/m3
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		

Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with the Occupational Exposure Limits and the adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples should be analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy); European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents); European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods.

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods.

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), United Kingdom: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances.

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany.

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France.

Derived No Effect Level

Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane

Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	3,0 mg/m3	n.a.	3,0 mg/m3

Consumers

Acute systemic effects			Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0,750 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.	0,750 mg/m3

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	83 mg/kg bw/day	5 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.

Consumers

Acute systemic effects			Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation

n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	83 mg/kg bw/day	2,5 mg/m3	0,83 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	n.a.
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Predicted No Effect Concentration

Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane

Compartment	PNEC
Sewage treatment plant	20 mg/l

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	20,6 µg/l
Marine water	6,1 µg/l
Sewage treatment plant	52 µg/l
Fresh water sediment	117,8 mg/kg
Marine sediment	56,5 mg/kg
Soil	35,6 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity,

thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.

Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if handling at elevated temperatures without sufficient ventilation, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge, type A (boiling point >65 °C, meeting standard EN 14387).

Environmental exposure controls

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	viscous liquid
Color	White to off-white
Odor	Odorless
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Melting point/range	No data available
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	>35 °C
Flash point	closed cup > 100 °C estimated
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammability (liquids)	Not classified as supporting combustion according to the transport regulations.
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	3,45
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available

Decomposition temperature	No data available
Dynamic Viscosity	150 Pa.s at 25 °C
Kinematic Viscosity	>20,5 mm ² /s at 40 °C
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Formaldehyde.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation. May cause nausea and vomiting.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):
LD50, > 5 000 mg/kg Estimated.

Information for components:

Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane

Based on information for a similar material: LD50, Rat, > 48 500 mg/kg

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

For similar material(s): LD50, Rat, > 5 000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):
LD50, > 2 000 mg/kg Estimated.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

Based on data from similar materials LD50, Rabbit, > 2 000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Acute inhalation toxicity

At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility. Vapor from heated material may cause respiratory irritation.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

For similar material(s): LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on information for component(s):
Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.
May cause itching.

Information for components:

Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Prolonged contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on information for component(s):

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

May cause mild eye discomfort.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

May cause mild eye discomfort.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Sensitization

For skin sensitization:

Contains component(s) which did not cause allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

Information for components:

Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Contains component(s) which have been reported to cause effects on the following organs in humans:
Respiratory tract.

Contains component(s) which have been reported to cause effects on the following organs in animals:
Lung.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:
Lung.

In humans, effects have been reported on the following organs:
Respiratory tract.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

No relevant data found.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Available data are inadequate to evaluate carcinogenicity.

Teratogenicity

No relevant data found.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

No relevant data found.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity

No relevant data found.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

No relevant data found.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Mutagenicity

Contains component(s) which were negative in some in vitro genetic toxicity studies and positive in others.

Information for components:**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

No relevant data found.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

12.1 Toxicity**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Fish, 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

For similar material(s):

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

For similar material(s):

EC50, algae, 14 d, > 2 000 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

For similar material(s):

NOEC, Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow), 33 d, 91 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

Based on information for a similar material:

oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), > 5 000 mg/kg

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

On basis of test data.

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane

Biodegradability: The product is not biodegradable.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): >= 4

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

No relevant data found.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

12.6 Other adverse effects**Alumina treated with Di Me Siloxane, Mono-trimethoxysiloxy- and Trimethylsiloxy-terminated and n-Decyltrimethoxysilane**

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Zinc Oxide

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

- | | |
|--|---|
| 14.1 UN number | Not applicable |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | Not regulated for transport |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | Not applicable |
| 14.4 Packing group | Not applicable |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Not considered environmentally hazardous based on available data. |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | No data available. |

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

14.1	UN number	Not applicable
14.2	UN proper shipping name	Not regulated for transport
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable
14.4	Packing group	Not applicable
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not considered as marine pollutant based on available data.
14.6	Special precautions for user	No data available.
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

14.1	UN number	Not applicable
14.2	UN proper shipping name	Not regulated for transport
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable
14.4	Packing group	Not applicable
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not applicable
14.6	Special precautions for user	No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006**

This product contains only components that have been either registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: Not applicable

Installations classified for the protection of the environment (Environment Code R511-9)

not determined

Occupational Illnesses (R-461-3, France):

(Not applicable)

Further information

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

This product is not classified as dangerous according to EC criteria.

Revision

Identification Number: 99172226 / A560 / Issue Date: 07.07.2020 / Version: 1.0

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
FR VLE	France. Occupational Exposure Limits (INRS)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	8-hour, time-weighted average
VME	Time Weighted Average

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying

Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

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